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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/523,166	12/02/2005	Gerd Scibold	31698-01311	8236
	7590 10/10/2007 WARD, HAMILTON & SCRIPPS			
11988 EL CAMINO REAL, SUITE 200			BLATT, ERIC D	
SAN DIEGO, CA 92130			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

1		\d\footage \land\delta \tag{\delta}
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/523,166	SEIBOLD ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Eric Blatt	3709
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNI R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a b. riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tatute, cause the application to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	-27-2007.	
	This action is non-final.	•
3) Since this application is in condition for allo		ters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice und		
Disposition of Claims		,
4) Claim(s) 1-40 is/are pending in the application	tion.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>25-29</u> is/are without		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24 and 30-40</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exan	niner.	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 January 2005</u> is/		objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	rrection is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority docum		N 44 A4
2. Certified copies of the priority docum	•	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the paper the International Ru	*	received in this National Stage
application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	received
dee the attached detailed Office action for a	not of the definied copies flot	•
	SUPERV	KHOI H. TRAN ISOBY PATENT EXAMINER
Attachment(s)		Uhr (O)
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application
) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-24 and 30-40, drawn to a device for sealing a puncture.

Group II, claim(s) 25-29, drawn to a device for sealing a puncture.

The inventions listed as Groups I and II do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: Group II positively recites only a nut coupled to a bolt wherein the nut comprises a self-expanding disk and the bolt comprises a second self-expanding disk. Neither of these positively claimed elements can be considered a special technical feature as they were known in the in the art prior to the invention. (See Kotula et al., US 5,725,552)

During a telephone conversation with Franco Serafini on September 19, 2007 a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-24 and 30-40. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in

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replying to this Office action. Claims 25-29 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shaw et al. (US 6,080,182).

Regarding claim 1, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, and 40 Shaw discloses a device for sealing a puncture extending through tissue proximal to an interior vessel surface, the device comprising:

 a first disk (first end of sealing device 132) having a self-expanding frame that forms a plurality of petals (Figures 8A-8F); and

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a proximal element comprising a second disk (second end of sealing device 132)
having a second self-expanding frame coupled to the first disk, wherein the
device has a retracted delivery configuration adapted for delivery to the puncture,
and a deployed configuration in which the first disk is adapted to engage and
substantially conform to the interior vessel surface, and the proximal element is
configured to engage the tissue. (Figures 22A-22G)

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- a minimally invasive delivery apparatus (Figure 36) comprising first and second delivery elements 216, 222 configured to at least selectively limit distal translation of the first delivery element with respect to the second delivery element so that only the first disk is extended out of the minimally invasive delivery apparatus. (Column 17, Lines 16-30)
- at least one delivery shaft 80 configured to facilitate coupling of the first disk to the proximal element. (Figures 22A-22-G)
- at least one delivery element constrained to translate a maximum distal depth.
 (Figure 36, Column 17, Lines 16-30)
- the proximal element comprises a spring (Figure 40D); and
- a membrane encasing at least the self-expanding frame of the first disk. (See Abstract)

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 2-3, 5, 8, 10, 13-16, 18-24, and 30-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaw et al. (US 6,080,182) in view of Stevens et al. (US 5,797,960).

Regarding claims 2-3, 5, 8, 14-16, 18-23, and 24, Shaw discloses a device for sealing a puncture extending through tissue proximal to an interior vessel surface, the device comprising:

- a first disk (first end of sealing device 132) having a self-expanding frame that forms a plurality of petals (Figures 8A-8F); and
- a proximal element comprising a second disk (second end of sealing device 132) having a second self-expanding frame coupled to the first disk, wherein the device has a retracted delivery configuration adapted for delivery to the puncture, and a deployed configuration in which the first disk and second disks are adapted to engage and substantially conform to the interior vessel surface, and the proximal element is configured to engage the tissue (Figures 22A-22G)
- the second self-expanding frame forms a plurality of petals (Figures 8A-F)

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 a minimally invasive delivery apparatus (Figure 36) comprising first and second delivery elements 216, 222 configured to at least selectively limit distal translation of the first delivery element with respect to the second delivery element so that only the first disk is extended out of the minimally invasive delivery apparatus.
 (Column 17, Lines 16-30)

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- at least one delivery shaft 80 configured to facilitate coupling of the first disk to the proximal element. (Figures 22A-22-G)
- at least one delivery element constrained to translate a maximum distal depth.
 (Figure 36, Column 17, Lines 16-30)
- the proximal element comprises a spring (Figure 40D); and
- a membrane encasing at least the self-expanding frame of the first disk. (See Abstract)

Shaw does not disclose:

- the device, including the first and second disks, are configured to be released from engagement with the interior vessel surface after deployment of the device, thereby permitting the device to be repositioned.
- the first disk is attached to a nut and the second disk is attached to a bolt, the nut configured to be releasably coupled to the bolt.
- the at least one delivery shaft is configured to facilitate coupling and decoupling of the first disk from the proximal element.

Stevens discloses a system for sealing a puncture comprising:

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 a first disk attached to a nut and the second disk attached to a bolt, the nut configured to be releasably coupled to the bolt (Figures 10-14, Columns 4-5, Column 20)

- at least one delivery shaft is configured to facilitate coupling and decoupling of the first disk from the proximal element (Figures 10-14, Columns 4-5, Column 20)
- the sealing device, including the first and second disks, are configured to be released from engagement with the interior vessel surface after deployment of the device, thereby permitting the device to be repositioned. (Figures 10-14, Columns 4-5, 20, 25)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the apparatus of Shaw by providing the attachment mechanism disclosed in Stevens for purposes such as allowing the sealing device to be repositioned if the first deployment position is unsatisfactory as taught by Stevens. (Column 25, Lines 4-17)

Regarding claims 10,13, 30-35, and 37-39, 37, Shaw does not disclose:

- at least part of the device is biodegradable
- one or both of the first disk and the proximal element comprises barbs, hooks,
 sharp edges, or roughened surfaces.

Stevens discloses:

- at least part of the device is biodegradable (Column 22, 18-23)
- one or both of the first disk and the proximal element comprises barbs, hooks,
 sharp edges, or roughened surfaces. (Figures 10-15, Column 20, Lines 27-48)

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to further modify the apparatus of Shaw by having at least part of the device be biodegradable for purposes such as allowing components to biodegrade as the tissue heals as taught by Stevens. Additionally, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the apparatus of Shaw by providing barbs, hooks, or sharp edges to aid the closure device in engaging the vessels walls as taught by Stevens.

Regarding claim 36, Shaw discloses a device for sealing a puncture extending through tissue proximal to an interior vessel surface, the device comprising:

- a first disk (first end of sealing device 132) having a self-expanding frame that forms a plurality of petals (Figures 8A-8F); and
- a proximal element comprising a second disk (second end of sealing device 132)
- wherein the proximal element comprises a spring. (Figure 40D)

Shaw does not disclose:

• at least part of the device is biodegradable.

Stevens discloses:

• at least part of the device is biodegradable. (Column 22, 18-23)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to further modify the apparatus of Shaw by having at least part of the device be biodegradable for purposes such as allowing components to biodegrade as the tissue heals as taught by Stevens.

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Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaw et al. (US 6,080,182) in view of Van Tassel et al. (US 6,949,113).

Regarding claim 12, Shaw discloses all elements of claim 12 as previously discussed except a coagulant-enhancing agent that is disposed on one or both of the first disk and the proximal element. Van Tassel discloses device for sealing an opening in a blood vessel comprising a coagulant-enhancing agent that is disposed on a disk. (Column 12, Lines 20-24) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the apparatus of Shaw by providing a coagulant-enhancing agent that is disposed on one or both of the first disk and the proximal element to prevent blood from passing through the sealed puncture as taught by Van Tassel.

Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaw et al. (US 6,080,182) in view of Stevens et al. (US 5,797,960) as applied to claim 14 above, and further in view of Van Tassel et al. (US 6,949,113).

Regarding claim 17, Shaw discloses all elements of claim 17 as previously discussed except a coagulant-enhancing agent that is disposed on one or both of the first disk and the proximal element. Van Tassel discloses device for sealing an opening in a blood vessel comprising a coagulant-enhancing agent that is disposed

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on a disk. (Column 12, Lines 20-24) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to further modify the apparatus of Shaw by providing a coagulant-enhancing agent that is disposed on one or both of the first disk and the proximal element to prevent blood from passing through the sealed puncture as taught by Van Tassel.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The following documents contain relevant designs:

Saadat, Vahid et al. US 20050

Thill; Gary A. et al. US 6214029 B1

Das; Gladwin S. US 5334217 A

Cope, Constantin US 20030191497 A1

Anson; Anthony Walter et al. US 7223280 B2

Yang, Dachuan et al. US 20030055455 A1

Sevrain; Lionel C. et al. US 6258091 B1

Yang; Dachuan et al. US 6596013 B2

Girton; Timothy US 6537300 B2

Gainor; John et al. US 6911037 B2

Thill; Gary A. US 6551344 B2

Amplatz; Kurt et al. US 5944738 A

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US 5725552 A

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Marks; Lloyd A.

Kotula; Frank et al.

US 5108420 A

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric Blatt whose telephone number is (571) 272-9735. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday, 7:30 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Khoi Tran can be reached on (571) 272-6919. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Eric Blatt 571-272-9735

KHOI H. TRAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER